THE [*Numb.* 817.]

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the lateſt Advices foreign and domeſtic.

THURSDAY, *January* 1, 1761.

ANNAPOLIS, *January* 1.

SATURDAY laſt arrived here from *Philadelphia*, the Snow *Bedford*, Capt. *George Kidd*, who came into the Capes on the preceding Monday, with Capt. *Gatſkill*, in a Ship in Six Weeks from *London*, for *Rappahannock*; from whom he received *The Gentleman's Magazine* for *October* laſt, which we have been favoured with, and from which we have taken the following very melancholy NEWS;

WHITEHALL, Saturday, *October* 25.

BETWEEN the Hours of VII and VIII this Morning, our late moſt Gracious Sovereign King GEORGE the Second was ſuddenly ſeized at his Palace at *Kenſington*, by a violent Diſorder, and fell down ſpeechleſs, and ſoon expired, notwithſtanding all poſſible Methods uſed for his Recovery. His Majeſty departed this Life in the 77th Year of his Age, and the 34th of his Reign; beloved, honoured, and regretted, by his Subjects, for his eminent and princely Virtues.

Whereupon the Lords of the Privy Council aſſembling at *Carleton-Houſe*, gave Orders for Proclaiming his preſent Majeſty, who cauſed all the Lords and Others of the late King's Privy Council to be ſworn of his Majeſty's Privy Council, and was pleaſed to make the following moſt gracious Declaration:

"The Loſs that I and the Nation have ſuſtained by the Death of the King my Grandfather would have been ſeverely felt at any Time, but coming at ſo critical a Juncture, and ſo unexpected, it is by many Circumſtances augmented, and the Weight now falling upon me much increaſed; I feel my own Inſufficiency to ſupport it as I wiſh; but animated by the tendereſt Affection for my native Country, and depending on the Advice, Experience, and Abilities of your Lordſhips, on the Support and Aſſiſtance of every honeſt Man, I enter with Chearfulneſs into this arduous Situation, and ſhall make it the Buſineſs of my Life to promote, in every Thing, the Glory and Happineſs of theſe Kingdoms, to preſerve and ſtrengthen both the Conſtitution in Church and State; and, as I mount the Throne in the midſt of an expenſive, but juſt and neceſſary War, I ſhall endeavour to proſecute it in the Manner the moſt likely to bring on an honourable and laſting Peace, in Concert with my Allies."

WHEREUPON the Lords of the Council made it their humble Requeſt to his Majeſty, that this his Majeſty's moſt gracious Declaration to their Lordſhips might be made public, which his Majeſty was pleaſed to order accordingly. F. VERNON.

At the Court at Carleton-Houſe:

Preſent the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

His Royal Highneſs the Duke of *Cumberland*,
Abp. of *Canterbury*,
Duke of *Leeds*,
Duke of *Newcaſtle*,
Earl of *Holderneſſe*,
Earl of *Cholmondeley*,
Earl *Waldegrave*,
Earl *Gower*,
Viſcount *Falmouth*,
Viſcount *Barrington*,
Viſcount *Ligonier*,
Lord *Anſon*,
Lord *Mansfield*,
Mr. Vice Chamberlain,
Mr. Secretary *Pitt*,
Henry Fox, Eſq;
Sir *Thomas Robinſon*.

His Majeſty at his firſt coming into the Council was this Day pleaſed to declare, that underſtanding that the Law requires he ſhould at his Acceſſion to the Crown, take and ſubſcribe the Oath relating to the Security of the Church of *Scotland*, he was now ready to do it this firſt Opportunity; which his Majeſty was graciouſly pleaſed to do, according to the Forms uſed by the Law of *Scotland*, and ſubſcribed two Inſtruments thereof in the Preſence of the Lords of the Council, who witneſſed the ſame: And his Majeſty was pleaſed to order, that one of the ſaid Inſtruments be tranſmitted to the Court of Seſſion, to be recorded in the Books of Sederunt, and afterwards to be forthwith lodged in the public Regiſter of *Scotland*. And that the other of them remain among the Records of the Council, and be entered in the Council Book.

His late Majeſty roſe in the Morning at his uſual Hour, without any apparent Signs of Indiſpoſition. He called his Page, drank his Chocolate, and enquired about the Wind, as if anxious of the Arrival of the Mails. He opened his Window, and looking out of it, and ſeeing it a fine Day, ſaid he would walk in the Gardens. This paſſed while the Page attended him at Breakfaſt; but on leaving the Room he heard a deep Sigh, immediately followed by a Noiſe like the falling of a Billet of Wood from the Fire, and returning haſtily, found the King dropt from his Seat, as if in attempting to ring the Bell, who ſaid faintly, *Call Amelia*, and then expired. He was inſtantly raiſed, and laid upon the Bed, the Princeſs was called, who was told he was Dead upon her entering the Room, but being a little deaf, and her Spirits being hurried by the Alarm, ſhe did not underſtand what was ſaid; and ran up to the Bed-ſide, and ſtooping tenderly over her Father, as thinking he might ſpeak to her in a low Voice, ſhe then firſt diſcovered he was Dead; this Shock ſo ſudden, ſo unexpected, and ſo violent, threw her into an Agony, and produced a Diſorder from which ſhe is not yet recovered.

His Majeſty, in the Fall, received a ſmall Hurt on his Temple, and his Phyſicians and Surgeons being ſent for, came inſtantly to his Aſſiſtance, but without Effect. An Attempt was made to bleed him, but the Iſſues of Life were dried up. The News of this Event, which threw the Court into the utmoſt Conſternation, was carried to the Secretaries of State. Mr. *Pitt*, whoſe Coach was ready at the Door to drive to his Country Seat, was then ordered inſtantly to *Kew*, where he acquainted his Majeſty with the great Event in Form, the King having firſt heard it on the Road, as he was riding out, by a Meſſenger who had been diſpatched by one of the Pages of the Preſence, he turned back, and at *Kew* he received a Letter from the Princeſs *Amelia*, ſoon after which Mr. *Pitt* arrived.

His Highneſs prepared immediately to attend the Privy Council, that upon the King's Demiſe, had got together as faſt as poſſible. What followed, the Articles in the Gazette declare.—His late Majeſty derived his Title to theſe Kingdoms from *Elizabeth*, the only ſurviving Daughter to *James* I. who married *Frederick* V. Count *Palatine* of the *Rhine*, elected King of *Bohemia*, but never put in Poſſeſſion of the Throne. By this Prince, *Elizabeth* had a Daughter, who was afterwards married to *Erneſt Auguſtus*, Elector of *Brunſwick*, and Duke of *Hanover*, the Great Grandfather to the late King. Upon the Abdication of King *James* II. his two Daughters *Mary* & *Anne*, ſucceſſively filled the *Britiſh* Throne; but, both dying without Iſſue, the Crown devolved on *George* I. Grandſon to *Elizabeth*, Daughter of *James* I. This Prince, when of Age, married his firſt Couſin, Daughter and Heireſs of the Duke of *Zell*, by which that Dukedom became united to the Dominions of *Hanover*. This Lady, whoſe Name was *Sophia Dorothea*, is ſaid by a *German* Writer to have been betrothed to *Auguſtus Frederick*, Prince of *Wolfenbuttle*, two Years before ſhe was prevailed upon, by Motives of Family Intereſt, to marry the young Prince of *Brunſwick*. This may in ſome ſort account for that little Affection that afterwards ſubſiſted between thoſe great Perſonages. By this Marriage, however, he had two Children, the late King, and a Princeſs, married to the late King of *Pruſſia*, Mother to the preſent illuſtrious Monarch. Our late King was born 1683, and when in his Fifteenth Year, was preſented by his Grandfather, the Prince of *Zell*, to King *William*, who received him with the Fondneſs of a Parent. On the 4th of *April* 1706, he was elected Knight Companion of the moſt Noble Order of the Garter; on the ſecond of *June* following was inveſted with the whole Habit and Enſigns of the Order; and, on the 22d of *December* 1710, was inſtalled at *Windſor*, with the Dukes of *Devonſhire* and *Argyle*, Lord *Halifax* being his Proxy. In *November* 1706, he was created Duke, Marquis, Earl, and Viſcount, by the Titles of Duke, and Marquis of *Cambridge*, Earl of *Milford-haven*, Viſcount *North-Allerton*, and Baron of *Tewkſbury*.—It was obſerved by ſome Friends of his Highneſs, at that Time, that it was a Defect to give him the Peerage of *England*, and not the Precedency of all other Peers.

In 1708, he went a Volunteer to make a Campaign in the *Netherlands*, under *John*, Duke of *Marlborough*. On the 22d of *June* he arrived at the Camp, and on the 11th of *July*, the Battle of *Oudenard* was fought, in which his Electoral Highneſs putting himſelf at the Head of a Squadron of *Hanoverian* Dragoons, commanded by Lieut. Gen. *Bulow*, charged the Enemy Sword in Hand, with the greateſt Intrepidity. His Horſe was killed under him, and Col. *Luſechky*, who commanded the Squadron, was ſlain, bravely fighting by his Side. On the Acceſſion of *George* I. to the Throne in 1714, Orders were brought from *Hanover* to the Regency, to prepare a Patent for creating the Electoral Prince, *George Auguſtus*, Prince of *Wales*.

George I. dying at *Oſnabrug*, *June* 11, on the 14th the melancholy News arrived in *England*, whereupon the Lords of the Privy Council aſſembling at *Leiceſter-Houſe*, gave Orders for proclaiming his Son *George*, Prince of *Wales*, King of *England*, which was done about 10 o'Clock in the Morning of the next Day. On Wedneſday, the 11th of *October*, 1727 (O. S.) his Majeſty was Crowned in *Weſtminſter-Abbey*, with his Royal Conſort the Princeſs *Carolina Wilhelmina Dorothea*, Daughter of *John Frederick*, Margrave of *Brandenbourg Anſpach*, to whom he was Married on the 22d Day of *June* 1705.

Upon opening his Majeſty, the right Ventricle of the Heart was found burſt, and the Pericardium filled with a great Quantity of extravaſated and coagulated Blood. The left Ventricle was found empty, and the Coats of all the Veſſels were worn away extremely thin, and every Symptom appeared that indicated a univerſal Decay of all the vital Parts. His Majeſty had been frequently out of Order of late, and his Pulſe ſo extremely low, that the Phyſicians could ſcarce perceive any Motion in it at all. The Key of his Bureau was found in his Hand.

SUNDAY 26.

THIS Day, about Noon, his Majeſty [King GEORGE III.] was Proclaimed, firſt before *Saville* Houſe, where the Officers of State, Nobility, and Privy Counſellors, were preſent, with the Officers of Arms, all being on Foot; then the Officers of Arms, being mounted on Horſeback, the like was done at *Charing-Croſs*; within *Temple-Bar*; at the End of *Wood-Street*, in *Cheapſide*; and, laſtly, at the *Royal Exchange*, with the uſual Solemnities. The Archbiſhop of *Canterbury*, the Duke of *Leeds*, and Lord *Falmouth*, attended the Proceſſion into the City.

The Form of the Proclamation is as follows:

WHEREAS it has pleaſed Almighty God, to call to his Mercy our late Sovereign Lord King GEORGE the Second, of bleſſed Memory, by whoſe Deceaſe the Imperial Crowns of *Great-Britain*, *France*, and *Ireland*, are ſolely and rightfully come to the high and mighty Prince GEORGE, Prince of *Wales*; we therefore the Lords Spiritual and Temporal of this Realm, being

ing here assisted with these of his late Majesty's Privy Council, with Numbers of other principal Gentlemen of Quality, with the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Citizens of *London*, do now hereby, with one Voice and Consent of Tongue and Heart, publish and proclaim, that the high and mighty Prince GEORGE, Prince of *Wales*, is now, by the Death of our late Sovereign, of happy Memory, become our only lawful and rightful Liege Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of GOD, King of *Great-Britain*, *France*, and *Ireland*, Defender of the Faith, and so forth: To whom we do acknowledge all Faith and constant Obedience, with all hearty and humble Affection, beseeching GOD, by whom Kings and Queens do Reign, to bless the Royal Prince GEORGE the Third with long and happy Years to Reign over us.

GOD Save the KING.

Given at the Court at *Carleton-House*, this 25th Day of *October* 1760.

WILLIAM; *Tho. Cant. Leeds*; *Holderneſſe*; *Cholmondeley*; *Hollies Newcaſtle*; *Falmouth*; *Mansfield*; *Waldegrave*; *Gower*; *Anſon*; *Barrington*; *Ligonier*; *W. Pitt*; *W. Finch*; *T. Robinſon*; *H. Fox*; *Thomas Chittey*, Mayor; and 34 more Noblemen and Gentlemen.

MONDAY 27.

THIS Day his Royal Highneſs *Edward*, Duke of *York*, was, by his Majeſty's Command, ſworn of his Majeſty's moſt honourable Privy Council, and took his Place at the Board, on his Majeſty's right Hand.

The Right Hon. *John* Earl of *Bute*, was, by his Majeſty's Command, ſworn of his Majeſty's moſt honourable Privy Council, and took his Place at the Board accordingly.

His Majeſty was pleaſed to order, that the Parliament ſhould be prorogued to Thurſday, the 13th Day of *November* next.

His Majeſty was pleaſed to declare, that in all the Prayers, Liturgies, and Collects, for the Royal Family, inſtead of the Words [*their Royal Highneſſes* George *Prince of* Wales, *the Princeſs Dowager of* Wales, *the Duke, the Princeſſes, and all the Royal Family*] be inſerted [*Her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs Dowager of* Wales, *and all the Royal Family.*]

The Order for prohibiting the Exportation of Gunpowder, was renewed for ſix Months longer.

TUESDAY 28.

Lord Chamberlain's Office, *October* 28, 1760.

ORDERS for the Court to go into Mourning on Sunday next, the ſecond of *November*, for his late Majeſty King GEORGE the Second, of bleſſed Memory, *viz.*

The Ladies to wear black Bombazines, plain Muſlin, or Long Lawn Linen, Crape Hoods, Shamoy Shoes and Gloves, and Crape Fans.

Undreſs: Dark *Norwich* Crape.

The Men to wear black Cloth, without Buttons on the Sleeves and Pockets, plain Muſlin or Long Lawn Cravats and Weapers, Shamoy Shoes and Gloves, Crape Hatbands, and black Swords and Buckles.

Undreſs: Dark Grey Frocks.

The Lord Marſhal's Order for a general Mourning, for his late Majeſty King GEORGE *the Second:*

"IN Purſuance of an Order of his Majeſty in "Council the 27th Day of *October* 1760, "theſe are to give public Notice, that it is expect- "ed, that all Perſons, upon the preſent Occaſion "of the Death of his late Majeſty, of bleſſed "Memory, do put themſelves into the deepeſt "Mourning; (long Cloaks only excepted) the "ſaid Mourning to begin upon Sunday, the "ſecond of *November* next. And his Majeſty is "pleaſed to permit the Officers of the Army to "appear before him in red, faced with black; "and the Officers of the Fleet in blue, faced with "black. *EFFINGHAM*, M."

N. B. The Order from the Lord Chamberlain's Office reſpects the Houſhold only; that from the Lord Marſhal, the Public.

This Day the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor, and Aldermen of the City of *London*, waited on his Majeſty at *Saville* Houſe, and being introduced to his Majeſty by his Grace the Duke of *Devonſhire*, Lord Chamberlain of the Houſhold, Sir *William Moreton*, Knt. the Recorder, made their Compliments of Congratulation and Condolance in the following Addreſs:

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

YOUR Majeſty's truly dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Lord Mayor and Aldermen of the City of *London*, beg Leave to approach your Royal Perſon, and congratulate your Majeſty upon your happy Acceſſion to the Imperial Crown of theſe Realms, and, at the ſame Time, to condole the Loſs of our late moſt gracious Sovereign, whoſe glorious Reign and princely Virtues muſt ever make his Memory dear to a grateful People.

It is our peculiar Happineſs, that your Majeſty's Heart is truly *Engliſh*, and that you have diſcovered in your earlieſt Years the warmeſt Attention to the Laws and Conſtitution of theſe your Kingdoms; Laws ſo excellently formed, that as they give Liberty to the People, they give Power to the Prince, and are a mutual Support of the Prerogative of the Crown, and Rights of the Subject.

Your Majeſty is now in Poſſeſſion of the united Hearts of your People, at a Time when the Honour and Credit of the Nation are (by the Courage and Activity of your Majeſty's Fleets and Armies) in the higheſt Extent; a Time when we have happily no Diviſions at home to obſtruct thoſe Meaſures which have carried Terror to our Enemies abroad.

As your Majeſty's Reign is ſo happily begun with the univerſal Approbation and Joy of the whole Nation, permit us, Great Sir, to expreſs the high Senſe we have of your Majeſty's Virtues, by the ſtrongeſt Aſſurances of our unalterable Zeal for your Majeſty's Sacred Perſon and Government; being convinced that your Majeſty has the true Intereſt of this Nation intirely at Heart, and that your Power will ever be exerted in protecting the Trade, Rights, and Liberties of your Subjects. May you reign long in the Hearts of your People, and may the Crown of theſe Kingdoms ever deſcend to one of your Majeſty's illuſtrious Family to lateſt Poſterity.

To which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to return this moſt gracious Anſwer:

"I HAVE great Satisfaction in the early "Marks you have given me of your Zeal "and Affection for me and my Government.

"And I return you my hearty Thanks. You "may rely on my tender Concern for the Rights, "Trade, and Manufactures of the City of *Lon-* "*don.*"

They were all received very graciouſly and had the Honour to kiſs his Majeſty's Hand.

WEDNESDAY 29.

A PROCLAMATION was iſſued requiring all Perſons that were in Office of Authority or Government at the Deceaſe of the late King, to proceed in the Execution of their reſpective Offices, and to take the Oaths to his preſent Majeſty as ſoon as convenient.

Expreſſes were this Day ſent from the *Admiralty* and *War-Office* to *Portſmouth*, *Plymouth*, and other Ports, for ſeveral Commanders in the different Departments: At the ſame Time a Packet was diſpatched to Admiral *Hawke* in the *Bay*: And an Order given, for putting in Execution, the Orders for the ſailing of the Expedition Fleet.

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From the ſame MAGAZINE.

THE Advices we received from Germany at the Beginning of this Month were favourable to the K. of Pruſſia, and to the Cauſe of the Allies. His Majeſty on the 17th paſt, in marching to cover Schweidnitz, was attacked by the Auſtrians, whom he defeated with the Loſs of a conſiderable Number of their Troops, and 17 pieces of Cannon. The ſame Mails by which this News was received, brought alſo a Confirmation of the raiſing the Siege of Colberg by Gen. Werner, after a moſt ſurprizing March of 250 Miles, from Glogau, in eleven Days. The Ruſſians, tho' ſuperior in Number, and well poſted, went off, with the greateſt Precipitation, abandoning Tents, Cannon, Ammunition, Baggage, Forage, and Proviſions, to the Pruſſians. The combined Fleets of Ruſſia and Sweden put to Sea at the ſame Time.

With theſe favourable Advices came alſo an Account that the Hereditary Prince of Brunſwick had opened a new Scene upon the Lower Rhine, and on the 3d Inſtant had inveſted Weſel, after having driven the Enemy from their Redoubts on the left Bank of the River, and forced the Garriſon of Cleves, firſt to retire into the Caſtle, and then to ſurrender Priſoners of War.

With the flattering hopes reſulting from theſe favourable Appearances, we were left in Suſpence from the 8th Inſtant to the 27th, when the Arrival of the Mails from Holland, that had been kept back by contrary Winds, diſappointed the Expectations that had been raiſed by the new Enterprizes of our Generals.

Whilſt his Pruſſian Majeſty's Attention was occupied in covering Sileſia from the numerous Hoſts of his Enemies, large Detachments were made from their main Armies, and marched with all imaginable Celerity to the Gates of Berlin. Theſe were joined by the Imperial Army, who being no longer oppoſed in Saxony by Gen. Hulſen, follow- ed that experienced General in his March to the Relief of the Capital, and arrived juſt time enough to be Witneſſes of its Surrender. The Number of Troops that came before it is ſaid to amount to 40,000 Ruſſians, Auſtrians and Imperialiſts; that which arrived to oppoſe this Force, to no more than 15 or 16,000 Men.

The Particulars of the Surrender that have yet been received, are in Subſtance as follows: That the Pruſſian Generals, Prince Eugene of Wirtemberg, and General Hulſen, finding it impoſſible to make head againſt the Superiority of the Enemy, retired under the Cannon of Spandau, leaving only three weak Battalions in Berlin; that on the firſt Summons, on the 8th Inſtant, the City ſurrendered, and the three Battalions were made Priſoners of War; that the Fear of being plundered threw the Inhabitants into the greateſt Conſternation; but that, at the Interceſſion of the Daniſh and Dutch Miniſters, Promiſe was made them, that they ſhould be exempted from it, and the ſtricteſt Diſcipline has been obſerved in Conſequence; that the Auſtrians, however, immediately levelled the Arſenal and Magazines with the Ground, in which were immenſe Quantities of Ammunition and warlike Stores, and demanded 2 or 300,000 Guilders to be paid to the commanding Officers; that this being paid, Meaſures were taking for raiſing the Contributions, which are ſaid to amount to 1,900,000 Crowns, on the Payment of which, the Inhabitants have received Aſſurances, that they ſhall be allowed the free Exerciſe of their Religion. Immediately after the Surrender of the City ſtrong Guards were placed at the Houſes of all the Foreign Miniſters, whither many of the moſt conſiderable Inhabitants retired for Safety. The Auſtrians were quartered upon the Burghers, and the Ruſſians in the Streets of the City, and in the Suburbs.

The City capitulated with General Fermor, Commandant of the Ruſſian Troops. Some Difficulties aroſe about it with the Auſtrians, which at laſt were adjuſted. The latter conſiſting of about 15,000 Men, are commanded by the Generals Laſcy and Brentano; and having been detached from Marſhal Daun's Army, they entered Brandenburgh by the Way of Spreinberg.

This is the Subſtance of the Account brought by the Mails that arrived on the 27th; but Advice has been received ſince, that the King of Pruſſia paſſed by Croſſen on the 11th Inſtant, in his Way to Berlin, which the Enemy evacuated on the 13th. The Ruſſians went to join their Army at Rippen near Frankfort on the Oder; the Auſtrians went towards Saxony.

The News from General Werner affords ſome conſolation to the afflicted Pruſſians; this active Officer, after raiſing the Siege of Colberg, marched immediately to oppoſe the Swedes, who were advancing to ſhare in the Plunder of the unfortunate City of Berlin; and coming up with them near Paſewalck, carried Sword in Hand the three Redoubts that covered the Suburbs of that Town, took ſix Pieces of Cannon, and made about 500 Priſoners, among whom are 16 Officers. The Loſs of the Swedes on this Occaſion amounts to more than 1000 Men, that of the Pruſſians not to 100 killed and wounded. Since this Affair, the Swedes have abandoned Prentzlow, and have retired.

The Armies in Sileſia have done nothing material. This Stroke of his Enemies, which probably was the Maſter-ſtroke they had in View, muſt have diſconcerted the King's Meaſures; to recover this Blow, will require a new Exertion of his aſtoniſhing Powers. In the mean Time, we ſhall paſs to the Rhine, and take a View of the Iſſue of an Expedition, that had occaſioned much Speculation.

The Hereditary Prince could not foreſee that the heavy Rains that were to fall would prove more fatal to his Enterprize than the Enemy he went to attack. The Waters of the Rhine and the Lippe overflowed their Banks, and rendered the Roads through Weſtphalia impracticable. But notwithſtanding theſe Obſtructions, his Highneſs ſucceeded in throwing two Bridges over the Rhine, one above and the other below Weſel, and opened the Trenches in the Night of the 10th Inſtant, without any Loſs. The Governor made two or three Sallies, but without Damage to the Works; and at the ſame Time he ſet about fortifying the Bridge over the Rhine, by which he was to receive Succours. While this was doing before Weſel, Marſhal Broglio was getting together, under the Command of the Marquis de Caſtries, a large Body of Troops, Part from the great Army in Heſſe, and Part from the Low Countries.

The Enemy ſenſible of the Advantage of the lay occaſioned by the Seaſon, puſhed one of ir Detachments the 14th to Rhinberg, and liged an advanced Poſt to retire, after great Reance. The Hereditary Prince, who went in ſon to reconnoitre, reſolved, as the French were erior, to ſurprize them in their Camp. With View, about ten at Night, on the 15th, he ſed ſixteen Battalions, and as many Squadrons, dvance towards Rhinberg, who would probably e ſucceeded, had not a Detachment of Fiſcher's own themſelves about the ſame Time into the nvent of Campden, by which the Troops were to to get to the left Flank of the Enemy. The ck made upon Fiſcher's Corps alarmed their p, and gave Time to the Troops to get under s. However, his Serene Highneſs perſiſted in Attack, which he began at five in the Morning; the Enemy being poſted near a Wood, from h it was too difficult to diſlodge them, the ce, after fighting vigorouſly till nine, thought er to draw off towards the Rhine, the Waters hich roſe ſo faſt, that his Communication with Siege was rendered difficult. The Troops re ed in the ſame Order, and with the ſame Reſon, with which they fought, carrying with them ofs of their Bravery in the Perſon of Lieutenant . de Segur, and ſeveral other French Officers Soldiers whom they took Priſoners, together one Pair of Colours, and ſome Pieces of Can

The Loſs of the Allies in this Action unts to near 1000 Men; the Enemy ſuffered more; ſo that, notwithſtanding their Superi-, and that the Bridge over which the retiring y was to paſs, was broken by the Floods of Rhine, they did not attempt to oppoſe their ge, or even ſo much as to fall upon their Rear. he Affair of Campden would not have deterd the Prince to abandon the Siege, but the ps muſt have been too much endangered in advanced Seaſon. The Prince therefore raiſed Blockade, and after ſending away the greateſt of the Ammunition, marched to Brunen, a a League from Weſel, and there fixed his p. In this Affair Lord Downe, who comded Home's Regiment of Foot, and Mr. Pitt, commanded Mordaunt's Dragoons, were taPriſoners, and Col. Campbell loſt his Life.

he French ſay, that the Affair was bloody, that the Loſs on both Sides muſt amount to Men. It has been remarked, that in all Enterprizes, the Engliſh Troops ſuffer moſt, yet, in the Opinion of many, their Lives ought to be riſqued but upon greater Occaſions.

he exceſſive Rains, and the Scarcity of Prons, have at length determined the French to the Landgraviate of Heſſe Caſſel; they have rdingly broke up their Camp, and are marchback towards Frankfort.

he lateſt Advices from Italy give Reaſon to that a War will ſoon break out in that Coun-

The King of Sardinia is aſſembling a forable Army on the Confines of Savoy, while Philip is drawing Troops together to obſerve Motions. In this War neither the French, the Empreſs Queen, can remain idle Spectaand if the War in Germany ſhould ſtill be racted, the Force of the contending Powers , by this Event, be brought more upon a nce.

dvices from the East-Indies bring an Account he Aſſaſſination of the Grand Mogul, which ſaid to be by the Direction of his perfidious r, who had in Effect, exerciſed the Power h his Maſter only nominally repreſented. This e of Treaſon is ſaid to have had its riſe from louſy the Vizier entertained of the Patans ſecretly ſollicited by the Mogul, to preſent ſelves before the Capital of Dehli.—Theſe s are a brave and a warlike Nation, inhathe Northern Part of the Empire, contiguous rſia. The Cataſtrophe was effected by the ier's ſolliciting the Mogul to partake of the ures of the Chace, and paſſing by a Tomb, eir Return, of a celebrated Mahometan, the r reminded the Mogul of paying his Devo as is cuſtomary, to the Shrine of the Saint. ded by this pious and fraudulent Invitation, lighted, and having entered the Tomb, the ins, who were properly placed, applied the Bow-ſtring to his Neck. He was ſucceeded he Throne by a Grandſon of the famous ngzebe. On this Revolution of State, the ry Patans took the Field with a numerous y, defeated the Mohrattas in the Neighbourof Dehli, depoſed the Mogul, and crowned on of the Patan King, who was married to a d Daughter of a former Mogul.

ANNAPOLIS, *January* 1.

This Day the Mail came in from the Northward; but they had received no Account of the Demiſe of his late Majeſty, the laſt Articles they had had from *London*, being no later than the 9th or 10th of *October*.

The Veſſel which was ſent Home by his Excellency General *Amherſt*, with an Account of the Surrender of *Canada*, made her Paſſage in Nineteen Days.

Sunday laſt Died, after a tedious Illneſs, regretted by his Acquaintance, Mr. *Edward Neale*, of *Queen's-Town* in *Queen-Anne's* County. And next Day Mrs. *Neale* was ſuddenly ſeized with ſome violent Diſorder, and Died alſo.

We heartily Greet our kind Readers with the Compliments of the Seaſon.

●●●●●●●●●●●●●●●●●●●●

GOLD, SILVER, or PAPER CURRENCY, for BILLS of EXCHANGE; Or, BILLS for CASH; may be had at my Store in *Baltimore-Town*. JOHN STEVENSON.

To be SOLD to the HIGHEST BIDDER, at UPPER-MARLBOROUGH *in* Prince-George's *County, on Thurſday the* 15*th Inſtant,*

SUNDRY HOUSHOLD FURNITURE belonging to the Eſtate of the late Mr. *James Wardrop*, for Caſh, Sterling, or Bills of Exchange.

Likewiſe, Two Negro Girls, the one 12, the other 14 Years of Age, and Two Negro Fellows.

LETTICE WARDROP,
ALEXANDER SYMMER,
JOSEPH BELT, junior, } Executors.

To be SOLD at VENDUE, on Thurſday the 22*d of* January, *on the Premiſſes*,

A TRACT of very good level LAND, called *The Exchange*, containing about 150 Acres, lying in *Calvert* County, adjoining to a Tract of Land called *Lyon's Creek*, and to the Land whereon *Henry Camdon* now lives; it is very conveniently ſituated to *Patuxent* River, and on the main Road; the Plantation in very good Order; at preſent in the Occupation of *William Johnſon*.

Alſo a Tract of Land containing about 50 Acres, nearly adjoining to *The Exchange*; it is very rich Land, well wooded and timbered, and conveniently ſituate on the main Road.

The Titles to both are indiſputable.

The Lands to be Sold for Bills of Exchange, Sterling, or Current Money, and Time allowed for Payment, on giving good Security and Intereſt.

STEPHEN WEST.

SOME Time ago, a Letter was ſent by our News-Carrier, who goes to *St. Mary's*, directed to Mrs. *Margaret Taylor*, and is ſuppoſed to be left with ſome Perſon who knows not where to ſend it. It is of Conſequence to the Perſon to whom it is directed, but to no one elſe. Whoever has it, is deſired to return it to the *Printing-Office*, or ſend it to Mr. *William Digges*'s on *Patowmack*.

Baltimore County, *December* 15, 1760.

THIS is to give Notice to all Perſons indebted to Mr. *Joſeph Smith*, late at *Onion*'s Iron-Works, to make immediate Payment; and thoſe who have any Demands againſt him, are deſired to give in the ſame to JACOB GILES,
WILLIAM YOUNG.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of Mr. *Turnor Wootton*, late of *Prince-George's* County, deceaſed, are required to make ſpeedy Payment; and thoſe who have any Demands againſt the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to bring in the ſame to WM. TURNOR WOOTTON, Adminiſtrator.

December 29, 1760.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Ladies and Gentlemen of the City of *Annapolis*, &c. that GEORGE ABINGTON will open a DANCING-SCHOOL at the Houſe of Mrs. *Anderſon* on Friday next, where he will Teach twice a Week, Morning and Afternoon, at One Guinea Entrance, and a Guinea a Quarter. Thoſe Ladies and Gentlemen who incline to ſend their Children, may depend on his Care and Fidelity in Teaching. GEORGE ABINGTON.

Any Ladies or Gentlemen who may incline to learn in private, will be waited on at their own Houſes, or they may be Taught at Mr. *Pecker*'s, and depend on due Attendance, by

Their humble Servant,
GEORGE ABINGTON.

To be SOLD to the higheſt Bidder, on Saturday the 17*th of this Inſtant* January, *at the Subſcriber's Store in* Annapolis,

A CHOICE NEGRO Wench about 18 Years old, a Cow and Calf, a Riding Horſe, and Houſhold Furniture; alſo, a Lady's new-faſhion'd Head-Dreſs (imported this Fall) with Ear-Rings, Necklace, a Silver Stomacher with Spangles, treble Ruffles, a large Buckle and Girdle, a fine Sattin Hat, and a Piece of *Engliſh* yellow Silk Damaſk, for Current Money or Bills of Exchange.

RICHARD MACKUBIN.

N. B. Any of the ſaid Goods may be ſeen and agreed for, at my Store, any Time before the Day of Sale. *R. M.*

To be FREIGHTED or CHARTERED,

THE Sloop LITTLE BOB, a prime Sailer, Burthen One Hundred and Six Tons, and will carry about Five Thouſand Buſhels of Grain.

Any one inclinable to Freight or Charter the ſaid Veſſel, is deſired to apply to *John Pitt* in *Annapolis*.

To be SOLD to the HIGHEST BIDDER, on Tueſday the Seventeenth Day of February *next, at Mr.* Benjamin Duke's, *at* Calvert *County Court-Houſe, for Current Money or Bills of Exchange, and Time given for Payment if required,*

ONE Hundred and Seventy-three Acres of Land, lying in the County aforeſaid, whereon Mrs. *Anne Parker* now lives, being Part of *Tillington* and *Wilſon*'s Commons. For Title apply at any Time to the Subſcriber, living in *Prince-George's* County, or on the Day of Sale at the ſaid *Benjamin Duke*'s, where Attendance will be given by THOMAS SMITH GREENFIELD.

THE Subſcriber takes this Method to acquaint the Public, that *William Aſkew*, of *Baltimore-Town*, *Maryland*, has two Bonds given by *William Sim*, of the ſaid Place, deceaſed, which the ſaid *Aſkew* acknowledges he has received full Value and Satisfaction for, but ſtill retains them in his Poſſeſſion, and refuſes to deliver them up. The firſt Bond was for ſixty Pounds Currency, dated about the firſt of *May* 1757; the other for fifty Pounds, dated about the firſt of *October* 1757. This is therefore to forewarn all Perſons from taking any Aſſignment of the ſaid Bonds on any Account whatever, for no Part thereof will be paid by any of the ſaid *William Sim*'s Heirs, Executors, Adminiſtrators, or Aſſigns. MARY SIM.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Alexander M'Cullom*, in *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a Black Gelding, branded on the near Shoulder and Thigh imperfectly. He had on a large Bell, mark'd IRIGHEY.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Henry Stevenſon*, near *Pipe-Creek* in *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a Grey Mare, branded on the near Shoulder LP.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Philip Yondays*, near *Kittockton* in *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a Bay Horſe, branded on the near Shoulder C, and on the Thigh upon the ſame Side B.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

JUST PUBLISHED,
And to be Sold at the PRINTING-OFFICE,
Wholeſale or Retail,

The MARYLAND ALMANACK,
For the Year of our LORD, 1761.

TO BE SOLD,
By the SUBSCRIBER in BALTIMORE-TOWN, *for Sterling, Gold, Silver, or* Pennſylvania *Money*,

A PARCEL of GOODS to the Amount of about £. 340 Sterling, conſiſting of Linens, Woollens, Nails, Hats, Grocery, Powder, Shot, Tea, low priced Guns, Haberdaſhery, Hoſiery, &c. CHARLES RIDGELY, junior.

N. B. Six Months Credit will be given, upon Security if required.

A LIST of the NUMBERS which came up PRIZES in the ALEXANDRIA *LOTTERY, drawn the 10th, 11th, and 12th of last Month.*

TICKETS which came up PRIZES of FIFTY POUNDS each,
Numb. 37, 71, and 501.

TICKETS which came up PRIZES of TWENTY-FIVE POUNDS each,
Numb. 131, 1181, and 1696.

PRIZES of TEN POUNDS each,

112	934	1515	2055	2509
697	1429	1690	2068	2587

PRIZES of FIVE POUNDS each,

97	505	1074	1519	2151
238	608	1215	1583	2175
410	742	1239	1790	2829
474	1034	1432	1919	2925

PRIZES of FORTY SHILLINGS each,

43	802	1469	2197	2549
55	813	1644	2335	2552
64	845	1654	2351	2643
118	1011	1783	2380	2645
229	1047	1874	2386	2768
311	1057	2043	2423	2771
587	1156	2132	2484	2883
790	1431	2149	2508	2918

PRIZES of TWENTY SHILLINGS each,

3	350	629	874	1153	1419	1691
5	355	621	876	55	20	1702
9	356	623	878	62	35	7
25	359	624	882	73	36	11
27	364	626	883	76	37	14
29	368	628	887	83	41	23
31	369	629	897	86	48	26
45	375	630	898	97	51	48
56	383	631	901	98	57	49
61	388	634	908	1202	60	53
69	398	641	913	3	61	54
78	399	647	915	7	65	58
90	407	651	917	9	71	61
94	413	656	920	11	75	64
99	420	657	923	14	77	65
106	428	658	925	18	79	66
128	433	663	927	26	80	68
132	436	664	928	28	84	76
138	441	669	938	37	94	86
139	442	671	945	42	1503	94
140	447	674	946	44	4	1800
143	449	677	948	46	6	1
145	454	681	955	56	12	2
149	459	685	957	67	14	15
151	465	688	960	70	18	16
156	467	690	968	77	22	18
166	468	699	969	84	31	23
169	469	703	977	91	35	25
186	471	704	983	97	38	32
189	472	705	991	1304	40	33
191	476	711	994	5	43	39
193	482	713	995	11	49	42
199	485	715	996	20	52	50
200	492	719	1012	22	59	56
201	506	722	13	24	60	60
206	512	727	14	26	66	61
209	513	731	21	28	72	62
211	518	732	22	30	75	64
212	520	744	28	40	80	68
215	525	745	30	48	82	71
227	529	746	33	49	84	73
233	533	749	41	50	85	76
234	536	755	64	51	94	84
240	544	760	69	53	1600	85
242	551	761	75	57	12	88
248	552	764	79	60	17	89
251	559	766	88	61	19	93
256	561	769	89	63	25	97
258	562	773	92	67	31	98
265	567	776	96	68	45	1907
268	569	777	1100	74	47	11
270	572	779	6	78	50	15
273	578	785	7	82	52	22
282	584	786	12	91	53	24
283	586	792	14	93	57	25
288	588	796	18	96	63	27
293	594	800	21	99	64	30
295	595	805	23	1402	66	32
298	596	806	29	3	67	34
305	598	827	30	4	70	35
315	599	831	33	6	71	37
319	601	832	34	7	74	38
322	603	835	42	8	75	51
324	609	844	43	12	79	52
328	613	849	48	13	83	56
330	614	857	49	14	84	59
336	617	865	50	16	87	60
338	618	866	52	18	88	63

PRIZES of TWENTY SHILLINGS each,

1964	2099	2242	2383	2519	2688	2869
66	2120	44	85	26	89	76
70	22	46	90	33	90	88
74	24	51	94	38	93	89
76	26	52	2400	42	95	93
79	30	57	5	48	96	97
85	31	62	11	50	2700	2900
89	35	64	17	59	1	1
95	36	65	20	60	2	4
98	37	76	22	61	15	7
99	39	82	28	63	17	10
2004	41	85	29	69	24	13
9	43	88	30	79	27	16
16	45	91	36	94	28	17
26	47	93	38	95	30	27
29	54	95	42	96	31	28
33	59	96	44	97	41	29
38	61	2300	50	2602	57	41
39	62	5	55	6	59	43
40	64	8	59	9	60	51
44	65	10	61	15	75	52
48	70	14	67	16	87	53
56	76	25	72	23	93	55
58	82	28	73	27	99	60
59	84	29	74	35	2800	61
65	85	32	76	38	3	62
66	89	33	80	44	6	63
72	91	37	82	46	8	70
73	2201	44	88	47	22	72
75	2	45	94	51	26	81
77	4	49	98	52	32	83
80	8	54	2502	53	33	84
82	10	58	11	54	36	85
86	15	63	12	68	44	87
88	23	64	14	69	47	90
90	24	65	15	80	48	92
92	25	69	16	83	67	95
93	27	72	17	87	68	99
97	41	77				

By Permiſſion of his Honour the GOVERNOR.

Wincheſter, in *Virginia*, *October* 1760.

A SCHEME of a LOTTERY,

FOR Raiſing the Sum of Four Hundred Pounds, for Building a MARKET-HOUSE in the Town of WINCHESTER.

1	Ticket of	£. 100	£. 100
2	Ditto	50	100
3	Ditto	25	75
6	Ditto	10	60
16	Ditto	5	80
20	Ditto	3	60
40	Ditto	2	80
795	Ditto	1	795
883	Prizes.	Sum raiſed	400
2617	Blanks.		
3500	Tickets at 10 *s.*		£. 1750

THE above is not Three Blanks to a Prize.

The Drawing to begin the Firſt Day of *May* next, at the Court-Houſe in *Wincheſter*.

A Liſt of Prizes to be publiſhed in the *Virginia* and *Maryland* Gazettes, and the Money to be paid as ſoon as the Drawing is finiſhed, without any Deduction.

The Managers are, *George Mercer*, *James Craik*, *Alexander Wodrow*, *John Greenfield*, *Robert Rutherford*, *Charles Smith*, *William Ramſay*, *Thomas Rutherford*, *John Hite*, *James Keith*, *James Wood*, *Thomas Lemen*, *Jacob Hite*, and *Charles Bradford*, who are to give Bond, and be upon Oath, for the faithful Diſcharge of this Truſt.

Tickets may be had from any of the Managers, from Meſſieurs *Carlyle* and *Dalton* in *Alexandria*, Mr. *William Scott* in *Frederickſburg*, or the *Printing-Office* in *Williamſburg*; from Meſſieurs *Symmers* in *Upper-Marlborough*, Mr. *John Cary* in *Frederick-Town*, in *Maryland*, or at the *Printing-Office* in *Annapolis*.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living at *King's-Town*, *Queen-Anne's* County, a Servant Man named *James Aſh*, born in *London*, about 5 Feet 4 Inches high, has a dark Complexion, and long black Hair tied behind. His Apparel, a brown Bearſkin Coat pretty much worn, long Oſnabrigs Trowſers, and a Pair of large carv'd Braſs Buckles. He has acted of late as a School-maſter. Any Perſon taking up the ſaid Runaway, and delivering him to Mr. *James Hutchings*, on *Kent-Iſland*, or to Mr. *Michael Flower* at *Queen's-Town*, ſhall receive Four Pounds Reward; or if brought to me, Five Pounds.

JOHN KNIGHT.

IF JOHN HUTTON, who came from *Kendall* in *Weſtmoreland*, in *England*, be now living, he will, on applying to Meſſieurs CARLYLE and DALTON, Merchants in *Alexandria*, hear of ſomething greatly to his Advantage.

Upper-Marlborough, *December* 1, 1760.

ESCAPED from the Goal of *Prince-George's* County, Yeſterday in the Afternoon, the two following Priſoners:

Norwood Franceway, committed ſome Time ago on Suſpicion of Robbing Mr. *Stephenſon's* Store at *Bladenſburg*, of which he was cleared laſt *November* Court, and was only detained till he found Security for his Fees. He was born in the County aforeſaid, aged about 18 Years, about 5 Feet 10 Inches high, brown Complexion, wears his own Hair, which is middling long. His Cloaths were an old brown colour'd Cloth Coat, a Pair of old Leather Breeches, Check Shirt, and a Pair of old Yarn Stockings. And,

A Negro Man named *Phill*, committed as a Runaway, and ſays he belongs to *Benjamin Benſon*, of *Cæcil* County. He formerly belonged to Mr. *Thomas Baldwin* near *Annapolis*. He is about 6 Feet high, about 28 or 30 Years of Age. He had on two Country Cloth Jackets, a Pair of old Oſnabrigs Trowſers, Oſnabrigs Shirt, a Pair of old Shoes, and a Felt Hat.

Whoever will bring the above named Priſoners to *Upper-Marlborough*, ſhall receive Two Piſtoles Reward for the Negro, and One Piſtole for *Norwood Franceway*, paid by

BENJAMIN BROOKES.

STRAYED or Stolen from *George-Town* in *Frederick* County, on the firſt of *November* laſt, the Three following Creatures, *viz.*

A Black Mare about 13½ Hands high, paces ſlow, branded on the near Buttock I.

A Dark Iron Roan Gelding, about 14 Hands high, branded on the near Shoulder B O, with a Blaze Face. And,

A Bay Gelding about the ſame Size, branded on the near Buttock with ſomething like the Crook of a Pot-Hook.

Whoever brings the ſaid Creatures to the Subſcriber in *George-Town*, ſhall have a Reward of Thirty Shillings, or Ten Shillings for either, paid by JOHN ORME.

STOLEN or Stray'd, ſome Time ſince, from *Baltimore-Town*, a Dark Bay Horſe, about 13 Hands high, branded on the off Buttock with ſomething reſembling the Letter I; a Star in his Forehead; trots, paces and gallops: He formerly was the Property of Mr. *Thomas Jennings* in *Annapolis*, and known by the Name of *Prince*.

Alſo broke looſe from her Moorings in the North Weſt Branch of *Patapſco* River, a new Twelve Hogſhead Flat, without Rudder, Tiller, Oars, or main Thwart.

Whoever brings either or both to *William Lux* at *Elk-Ridge* Landing, or to *Alexander Stewart* in *Baltimore-Town*, ſhall receive Thirty Shillings Currency for the former, and Forty Shillings for the latter.

A LIKELY young NEW NEGRO LAD, to be Sold by the Subſcriber, for Bills of *Maryland* Paper Currency.

RICHARD TOOTELL.

Nottingham, *November* 15, 1760.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Catharine, *Capt.* Warden, *from* GLASGOW, *and to be Sold, Wholeſale or Retail, for Caſh, Bills of Exchange, or Tobacco, by Mr.* HENRY TURMAN *at* BENEDICT, *and the Subſcriber at* NOTTINGHAM,

A LARGE Aſſortment of GOODS, ſuitable to the Seaſon, which, with the Remains of laſt Summer's Importation, form a pretty general Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS.

The Subſcriber hath alſo to Sell, Wholeſale or Retail, good *Barbados* Rum, and *Muſcovado* Sugar, and will allow a good Price in Goods for ready Tobacco. THOMAS CAMPBELL.

New-Port, *Charles* County, *Sept.* 15, 1760.

To be SOLD by WHOLESALE,

A QUANTITY of *Kendall* Cottons, Beaverſkins, Duffels, Half-Thicks, Kerſeys, Broad-Cloths, and Foreſt Cloths, for Money, Bills of Exchange, or Tobacco, by

MATTHEW MAXWELL.

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